Serravalle

WHE-PAGER PHASE 2: DEVELOPMENT OF ANALYTICAL SEISMIC VULNERABILITY FUNCTIONS				
Author:				
Date:	1-Sep-09			
Structure type (describe as broadly as possible):	PAGER-STR Type RS4			
Geographic or other limitations:	Serravalle			
			Add rows as desired	
Choice of pushover curve parameters				
	Units Parameter			
Pushover X-axis:	Sd(m) Deltar Choose spectral displaceme			
Flastic damping ratio:	Salg) Sa Choose spectra acceleration (sa), or base snear (v). State units.			
1st mode participation factor:	PFfR; generally 1.3 to 1.5; s			
Effective mass coefficient:	0.95 alpha1; generally 0.7 to 0.8			
Building weight:	Weight of the f			
How were these values & pushover points derived?	Using FaMIVE data set			
Ref: D'Ayala D., Speranza E, 'Definition of Collapse I	Vechanisms and Seismic Vulnerability of Historic Masonry B	Buildings' Earthquake Spectra: 19: 4/9-509	Add rows as desired	
See Figures 1.4 for sample induced on this structure type				
Pushover curve control poin	t X Y Damping Comment			
	4 0 0	Control point for plotting purposes		
E	3 0.014 0.117	E.g., yield point?		
C	0.035 0.167	E.g., ultimate point?		
L		E.g., beginning of lower plateau?		
Optional: upper and lower-bound range of pushover curves for this structure type				
Upper-bound pushover curve, e.g., 99 out of 100 buildin	igs of this type would have pushover curve inside the area bo	ounded between this curve and the Y-axis?		
Author's meaning of "upper bound":				
How were these values & pushover points derived?			Add rows as desired	
	See Figures 1-4 for sample pushover curves		Add lows as desiled	
	Optional upper-bound pushover curve			
Pushover curve control poin	t X Y Damping Comment	-		
A	0 0	Control point for plotting purposes		
E	3	E.g., yield point?		
C L		E.g., beginning of lower plateau?		
Ē		Add rows as desired		
Lower-bound pushover curve, e.g., 99 out of 100 buildin	igs of this type would have pushover curve inside the area bo	bunded between this curve and the X-axis?		
Author's meaning or lower bound : How were these values & pushover points derived?				
now were these values a pushover points derived?			Add rows as desired	
	See Figures 1-4 for sample pushover curves			
	Optional lower-bound pushover curve			
Pushover curve control poin	t X Y Damping Comment			
F		Control point for plotting purposes		
		E.g., ultimate point?		
C		E.g., beginning of lower plateau?		
E	£	Add rows as desired		
	Other requested	novomotovo		
Other requested parameters				renaired
B14	0.038 logarithmic standard deviation of drift assoc	iated with complete structural damage. May need to be guessed		opuned
Sdc	the median value of drift (in same units as pushover X-axis) associated with collapse, e.g., Sdc = (roof drift at collapse)/PFfR.			
L15	indoor fatality rate given collapse. Many contributors may be unable to provide this value. Porter, Comartin, and Holmes will fill such gaps			
PC	mean fraction of building area collapsed, given complete structural damage. Again Porter, Comartin, and Holmes will fill gaps			
kmed	If HAZUS-sinve exampling preferred, and autoric can judge, this is the degradation factor for short-duration ($M < 5.5$) events			
klong	If HAZUS-style damping preferred, and aduro can judge, this is the degradation factor or long-duration (0.5 × M < 7.5) events			
Explain how these values were arrived at, providing cita	tions if appropriate		- ,	
			Add rows as desired	

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Spectral displ., Sd, m

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Figure 1: Force-displacement capacity boundary with all idealized segments present



Figure 2: Force-displacement capacity boundary without strain hardening segment (e.g. buckling braced frame)



Figure 3: Force-displacement capacity boundary without lower strength plateau (e.g. unreinforced masonry)



Figure 4: Force-displacement capacity boundary with pre-emptive vertical load failure