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For other combinations (i.e., building types not available in the drop down list):

21	Reinforced Concrete Buildings	RC frames and/or walls, built before 1983 (old codes). More than 3 storeys	40	30	10	0	0.01	0	0.01	0	50
22	Reinforced Concrete Buildings	RC frames and/or walls, built after 1983. More than 3 storeys	5	2	0	0	0.01	0	0.01	0	50
23											

Part III: Colleagues Consulted, Additional Sources of Information Used

1 Name
 Affiliation
 Mailing address
 e-mail

2 Name
 Affiliation
 Mailing address
 e-mail

3 Name
 Affiliation
 Mailing address
 e-mail

4 Sources of information you used (websites, publications, etc.) Please provide as much detail as possible.

Seismic Microzonation of Mendoza - 1995 - INPPRES
 Seismic Microzonation of San Juan - 1982 - INPPRES
 Reglamento INPRES-CIRSOC 103. Normas Argentinas para Construcciones Sismorresistentes.
<http://www.inpres.gov.ar/>

5 Additional comments

The East part of the country is not considered because the seismic hazard is very low (seismic zone 0).

Precast concrete, block masonry, stone masonry, steel structures and wooden houses are not included here because they are not representative for statistical purposes.

Reinforced concrete buildings are divided in two groups considering that in 1983 a modern seismic code was introduced for all the country. Before that, seismic regulations were applied in some cities of the West region (e.g. Mendoza, San Juan)

Adobe houses, usually 1 storey. Unreinforced brick masonry buildings, usually, 1 or 2 storeys. Confined masonry buildings, 1 to 3 storeys.

Statistical data indicates that 80% of the population lives in urban areas.